DNA Polymerase I Klenow Fragment exo⁻



Version 22.1



Product Description

The Klenow fragment (3' \rightarrow 5' exo⁻) is an N-terminal truncation of DNA polymerase I, which retains DNA polymerase activity but loses the 5' \rightarrow 3' exonuclease activity. Its mutations (D355A, E357A) abolish the 3' \rightarrow 5' exonuclease activity.

Components

Components	N105-01 5,000 U
Klenow Fragment exo ⁻ (5 U/μI)	1 ml
10 × Blue Buffer	2 × 1 ml

Reaction Buffer

10 × Blue Buffer:

100 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.9 @25℃ 500 mM NaCl 100 mM MgCl₂ 10 mM DTT

Storage

Store at $-30 \sim -15^{\circ}$ C and transport at $\leq 0^{\circ}$ C.

Applications

- 1. dA-tailing to the 3' end.
- 2. Preparation of probes with random primers.
- 3. Random priming labeling.

Source

Recombinant E.coli strains carrying the cloned E.coli DNA Polymerase I Klenow Fragment exogene.

Unit Definition

One unit of activity (U) is defined as the amount of the enzyme required to incorporate 10 nmol of dNTP into acid-insoluble precipitates within 30 min at 37° C.

Notes

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

- 1. The Klenow fragment (3'→5' exo⁻) lacks the 3'→5' exonuclease activity, so it can not be used to generate blunt ends.
- 2. It is recommended to place the enzyme on ice during use and put it back to -20°C immediately after use.