T4 Polynucleotide Kinase

N102

Version 22.1



Product Description

T4 Polynucleotide Kinase catalyzes the transfer of the γ-phosphate from ATP to a 5'-hydroxy terminus (double-stranded or single-stranded DNA or RNA) and nucleoside 3'-monophosphates. T4 Polynucleotide Kinase also has 3'-phosphatase activity, which can hydrolyze 3'-phosphoryl groups from oligonucleotide 3'-phosphate termini, deoxynucleoside 3'-monophosphates and deoxynucleoside 3'-diphosphates.

Components

Components	N102-01 10,000 U
T4 Polynucleotide Kinase (10 U/μI)	1 ml
10 × T4 PNK Buffer	2 × 1 ml

Reaction Buffer

10 × T4 PNK Buffer:

700 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.6 @25 $^{\circ}$ C 100 mM MgCl₂ 50 mM DTT

Storage

Store at -30 ~ -15°C and transport at ≤0°C.

Applications

- 1. 5' phosphorylation of DNA or RNA for ligation.
- 2. End labeling of DNA or RNA for probes and DNA sequencing.

Source

Recombinant E.coli strains carrying the cloned T4 bacteriophage DNA polymerase gene.

Unit Definition

One unit of activity (U) is defined as the amount of enzyme required to incorporate 1 nmol of [γ -32P] ATP into acid-insoluble precipitates within 30 min at 37°C.

Notes

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

It is recommended to place the enzyme on ice during use and put it back to -20°C immediately after use.